PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

BY JOHN I. SCULL.

DE REPUBLICA NON DESPERARE.

No 69. PITTSBURGH, APRIL, 11, 1817. Vo 32.

WILLIAM HILL

Just Received From Philadelphia,
offers for sale on accommodating terms, at the
Wholesale and Retail Store,
E. corner of Market and Fourth street
HIS RETAIL CASH STORE,
In Market street, opposite Kerr's Hotel,
The following Fresh Goods, viz.

ONE bale rose blankets 6-4 a 12-4.
One do. flannels
do. fine gold headed sannas
do. fine emerties
Trusses 3 point blankets
do. duffield do.
Backing and drapery baize
London superfine blue habit cloth
Blue and scarlet do.
Fancy coloured and black bombazette
Cotton and Madrass handkerchiefs
Black and olive velvet
British check and tickings
Ladies coloured and black hosiery
Men's hose and half hose
Ladies silk and beaver gloves
Men's buckskin and beaver do
Best blue and black cloth sewings
Extra catty silk
Best silk twist
Tortoise covers and ivory combs
Prime green coffee in barrels
do. do.
Cotton
Young Hyson tea in chests and boxes
Pepper, Allspice and ginger in kegs
Cinnamon and cloves
Queensware in assorted crates
to suit Country Merchants.

IN STORE,

Superfine and second and coarse cloths
Cockinett, cords and cassimeres
Fancy and common waistcoatings
Superfine dressed and undressed prints
Common prints and plates
Ginghams, jeans and dimities
Cambric, muslin, book, jackonett and fancy figured muslins,
Jaconet and shirting muslins
Irish linen and linen cambric
Levantine and Mantua silks
Levantine and Damask silk shawls
Cotton do.
Laced and fancy silk handkerchiefs
Crapes and gauzes
Bands, galoons, shoe and quality binding
Suspenders, needles and pins, and great a variety of fancy articles.

—ALSO,—

Millington, Crowly and Swedish tub steel
An assortment of hardware, queensware and glass-ware
London particular Madeira wine
Teneriff, Sherry, Port and Lisbon wine
French brandy, loaf and lump sugar
Chocolate and Gunpowder tea
Alum, copperas, brimstone
Spanish and Bengal Indigo
Patent shot and bar lead
Writing paper by the ream
Sheet iron and castings per ton
American blistered steel
Tea and ten plate stoves
Kentucky tobacco and American segars
100 pounds logwood
100 do. butter in kegs
Bolted bags, flax and tow linen, woolen socks and thread in cuts, &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 8, 1816-

WILLIAM HILL,

EAST CORNER OF MARKET AND FOURTH-STREETS, PITTSBURGH—HAS JUST RECEIVED,

Mouse-hole anvils,
Bright, smith's vices,
1 cask files assorted,
1 do. butt-hinges do.
1 do. wood-screws do.
1 do. knives and forks do.
4, 8 & 10d. cut nails,
Best English Millington Crowly steel,
Playing and blank cards.

All of which will be sold on accommodating terms. W. H.

January 24, 1817.

THE SUBSCRIBER

INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has taken the store lately occupied by his brother Henry Doane, on Water street a few doors west of Wood—where he offers for sale a general assortment of

Hardware,
Groceries,
Crockery ware

AND AN INVOICE OF FRENCH GOODS & FANCY ARTICLES,

Cheap cash or approved credit.

I. DOANE.

March 7.——2aw1mo

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CASTINGS,

CUT NAILS, of all sizes,

AND A FEW

Bags Coffee,

FOR SALE BY

WILLIAM LECKY,
Wood-street.

Who has constantly on hand

BAR IRON,

OF THE BEST QUALITY.

Pittsburgh March 14th, 1817.——1awtf

O'BRIEN & DYOTT.

Wholesale & Retail Druggists,

PITTSBURGH.

HAVE FOR SALE, at their DRUG WAREHOUSE, an extensive supply of the following GOODS which, in addition to a variety of other genuine articles, they will dispose of on their usual low-terms. viz.

Fresh drugs,	Camels hair Pencils,	Apothecary scales and weights
Chemils,	Reeve's Water Colors	Bottle and vial corks
Medicines,	Gold Leaf	Pill boxes
Perfumery,	Mortars and Pestles	Wafers and Sealing Wax
Vials assorted,	Graduated Measures	Patent Lint
Flaxseed and Sweet Oil,	Surgeons Instruments	Walden's Ink powder
Spirit Turpentine,	Single and double Trusses,	Smelling bottles assorted
Paints assorted	Bogies and Catheters	Lemon acid
Dye Stuffs,	Ivory and pewter Syringes	Ess. Bergamotte and Lemon
Painters brushes,	Bolus Knives	Castile and Windsor Soap.

Patent Medicines,

Of every description, per dozen or gross.

*** Physicians, country merchants and others, who deal in Drugs and Medicines, or any of the above articles, can be supplied at the lowest Philadelphia prices, (with the addition only of carriage expenses.)

Customers may rest assured, that particular attention will at all times be paid to furnish them with ods of the best description, and on the lowest terms possible.

Families in town and in the country, can be supplied with superior Medicines of every description, the cheapest terms.

Pittsburgh August 3, 1816.

BOSLER & CO.

Have received and offer for sale on moderate term

54 barrels green Coffee,
8 tubs Swedish Steel,
Crowley millington and cast do.
Feathers,
Saltpetre,
Muskrat Skins,
Buffalo Robes,
Machine Cards and Copperas

An assortment of British and American Hardware, amongst which are

Anvils and Vices, Spades and Shovels,
Fowling pieces, millsaws, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

Pig and bar Lead,
Shot from No. B. to 7,
Lead mineral for Potter's use,
Flint Glassware assorted in boxes,
Green do. do. in do.
Queensware assorted in crates,
Window Glass,
Birmingham brown and black ware assorted in boxes,
Trotter's Yellow ware in hogsheads,
Charleston Stone ware,
Pittsburgh Pipes in boxes,
Rice in barrels and kegs,
Cut Nails of all sizes,
English and Swedish Blister Steel,
American Crowley and blister do.
Writing, printing and letter paper,
Fullers and bonnet boards,
Tobacco and Cigars,
Linseed Oil and Spanish Brown,
Rappee and Scotch Snuff in kegs and bladders.

ALSO OF THEIR MANUFACTORY,

Coffee mills, Butt hinges, and Currycombs,
Norfolk Latches, Sash pullies, Steelyards,
Brass gun-mounting, Teakettle knobs
Still cocks, Rivets, Andirons,
A great variety of Stoves and Grates both for wood and coal,
Sheet Iron and Stove pipe,
Hatters, Taylors and smoothing Irons
Grist and Saw mill Irons
Waggon and Carriage boxes of all sixes, re
Scales Counter and Sash weights,
Tea-kettles, and Waffle irons,
Smith's Anvils and Mandrils,
Apple-mill Nuts,
Distillery boilers of different sizes
Bark Mills,
Pot ash and Salt Kettles of any size,
Hatters, Fullers and soap Boilers,
Fuller's and Hatter's Plates,
Wind-mill Irons,
Dog Irons, mortars and pestles
Swivels, &c. &c. &c.

ALSO ON HAND.....A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

IRON WARE,

SUCH AS

Axes—Hatchets—Traces—Augurs—Scale-beams etc. etc. etc.

Pittsburgh, January 7, 1817.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE, BY

Richard Bowen, & Co.

NINE CASES DOMESTIC GOODS, CONSISTING OF

STRIPES,	CHECKS,
CHAMBRAYS,	BEDTICKS, &
PLAIDS,	SHIRTINGS,

ALSO—TWENTY-SIX THOUSAND POUNDS OF

SHOT.

Pittburgh, Feb 25.—2aw 1m

ALLEN and GRANT

HAVE FOR SALE,

30 boxes tin-plates,
10 half chests Young Hyson tea,
1 chest Imperial tea,
11 casks Sherry wine,
4 do. Port do.
2 do. Brandy,
2 do. Spirits,
1 cask Madeira wine,
1 do. Teneriffe do.

Also,—Loaf sugar—Indigo—Pepper—Madder Almonds, &c. &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 24, 1817.

Porter and Wine Bottles.

OF the colour and strength of those imported; also, Flasks, Pint, Quart, and Half Gallon Bottles, for Sale by the Subscriber, at the *Pittsburgh Porter Bottle Manufactory*, near Bakewell, Page & Bakewell's Glass House.

THOMAS PEARS.

Pittsburgh, February 13, 1817. 3m

MAHOGANY.

A quantity of Mahogany inch and an half thick Plank, and Veneers.

FOR SALE, BY

CHARLES L. VOLZ & CO.
Wood Street.

Pittsburgh, March 27, 1817. 4t

STORAGE.

THE subscriber will receive Goods, Wares and Merchandise, on storage or commission, at his ware-house, conveniently situated for business, and constructed for their entire security from the inundations of the river. He will receive and forward them to any place that may be required, on the most moderate terms, and every attention paid to them, by

WM. S. VERNON.

Louisville, Dec. 30.——6m

ORMSBY and DOANE

HAVE FOR SALE

2 Tons real Campeachy Logwood,
100 Boxes Rosin Soap, (excellent)
30 bbls. Pearl Ash,
20 kegs manufactured Tobacco,
30 Boxes superior cut Tacks and Sprigs, from Massachusetts.

ALL WHICH WILL BE SOLD VERY LOW,

ALSO ON HAND

A fine assortment of Castings,
Juniata Bar Iron,
Sickles, Groceries and many other ARTICLES.

Pittsburgh, March 18th, 1817

JOHN SCULL, *Printer,*

Has opened an Office for printing

Pamphlets, Blanks, Handbills, Cards, &c.

At his House in Sixth near Smithfield Street. His Types are entirely *new*, and of the most *modern fashion;* he therefore flatters himself he will be able to execute work in a style not inferior to any in the western country.

*** Orders, left at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette, in Front Street, opposite the Post-Office, will be promptly attended to.

NOTICE

HAVING relinquished my interest in the publication of the "*Pittsburgh Gazette,*" since August last, it is necessary that all accounts for subscription, advertisements, &c. to that time, should be liquidated.

I now call upon all those indebted, to make settlement before the first of May next, either by paying the balance due, or giving due-bills therefor. Those subscribers whose papers were sent by mail, will please forward the amount of their accounts, in the same manner—where accounts have not been furnished, little difficulty can occur in ascertaining the amount due. I hope this notice will be attended to, in order to prevent trouble and expence.

JOHN SCULL.

March 18, 1817.

Ferree's Rifle Powder.

THE subscribers have become sole agents for the sale of FERREE'S POWDER, and now offer for sale on the lowest terms a quantity of first rate *RIFLE POWDER* by the keg or larger quantity.

CROMWELL & DOBBIN.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 12, 1816—2aw6m

Military and General Agency.

FROM the frequent applications made to the subscriber, by persons having claims against the government of the United States, he has been induced to form a connection with a Gentleman in the city of Washington, who is well acquainted with the nature of all claims against the general Government.

Any persons having claims for property lost or destroyed, in the military service of the United States, soldiers who have procured their discharges, and have not taken out their warrants; persons not having received their pay, or those wishing to procure patents for their lands; will now have an opportunity of attaining the object for a small compensation, which will not be required of them until after their business is done; immediate attention will be paid to all applicants, and opinions on their claims given gratis. Letters POST PAID and directed to the subscriber, will meet with due attention.

CHARLES SHALER,
Attorney at Law, Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, March 25th, 1817.

Rectifying Distillery, Grocery and Liquor Store.

THE subscriber takes the liberty of informing his friends and the public, that he has now on hand, and intends keeping a constant supply of foreign and domestic

LIQUORS,

WITH AN ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES,

which he offers for sale, low, for CASH or country produce, at his store in Front, between Market and Wood-streets, opposite Bosler and Co's. warehouse.

FRANCIS BAILEY.

Feb.4.—1awtf

N. B. All persons indebted to the subscriber, by bond note ortabook accompst, are requested make immedia payment, a no longer indul gence can or will be given.

BIRMINGHAM.

THE subscriber, having laid off part of his property in the town of Birmingham into LOTS suitble for the erection of dwellings, offers them for ale at reasonable prices, upon the following terms:—$ 10 payable in hand, and the residue as follows—$ 1 per week—$ 4 per month, or $ 13 per quarter, at the option of the purchaser, *without interest.*

On the payment of the purchase money, or satisfactory security being given for the same Deeds will be made to the purchaser, with general warranty, *clear from ground rent,* or any incumbrance whatever

A Plan can be seen at the Office of JAMES M. RIDDLE, Esq. in the Diamond, Pittsburgh, and at the house of the Subscriber in Birmingham.

JAMES PATTERSON.

November 29, 1816 1awtf.

Saml. & John Thompson,

Merchant Taylors,

SOUTH EAST END OF MARKET STREET,

HAVE just received a large supply of superfine and common cloths, cassimeres and vestings, and as they were principally bought at Auction in Philadelphia, they will be sold very low. They have also obtained the newest fashions, and will continue to supply gentlemen with fashionable cloathing at a short notice. They keep as usual a large supply of made cloathing at reduced prices.

Pittsburgh, December 31, 1816—2awtf,

Mustard Seed,

I WILL give 10 dollars per bushel for good clean MUSTARD SEED.

J. W. SKELTON.

Pittsburgh, March 25th.——tf

PITTSBURHG GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, APRIL 11, 1817.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED ON
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
BY JOHN I. SCULL,
In Front Street, nearly opposite the Post-Office.

CONDITIONS.

THREE DOLLARS a year, paid half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS, at the end of the year.

If the subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the expiration of the year, it will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in a neat and conspicuous form, at One Dollar per square for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents per square for each continuance.

Pittsburgh Prices Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE GAZETTE.

ARTICLES.		*From*	D	C.	*to*	D	C.
Ale,		doz	3	30			
Ashes, pot,		lb.		6			
—— pearl,				8			10
Beef,				7			10
Bread, crackers,		keg		75			
—— ship-bread,		bbl	6	50			
Butter, (keg)		lb.		16			18
Coffee, fine green,				34			
—— 2d quality,				33			
—— 3d quality,				30			
Candles, mould,				22			25
—— dipt,				20			25
Cheese, N. Connecticut,				12½			14
—— country,				10			12½
Cotton, Tennessee,			none				
Corn Meal,		bush.	1			1	50
Clover Seed,			10				
Coal, Stone,				8			10
Feathers,		lb.		60			75
Flax, clean,				12			15
Flour, sup.		bbl.	8			8	50
Furr, Beaver,		lb.	3			4	
Glass, 7 by 9,		100 feet	13				
—— 8 by 10,			14				
—— 10 by 12,			15				
Grain, wheat,		bush.	1	50			
—— rye,			1				
—— barley,			1				
—— corn,				90			
—— oats,				50			62
Gunpowder, best,		lb.		50			
Glue,				31			
Hams, Kentucky,			none				
—— country,				12½			
Iron, Juniata,		ton	210				
—— Monongahela,			185			195	
—— Hoop, large,			230			240	
—— Do. small,			230			250	
—— sheet, Amer.		lb.		22			
—— do. foreign,				23			
Lead, pig,				9			
—— barr,				10			
—— red,				12½			
—— white, dry		cwt.	22				
—— do. ground in oil.		keg	5	50			
Leather, soal, Spanish,		lb		33		35	
—— do. country,				30			
—— upper,		side	3			4	
Nails, all sizes, cut,		lb		15			19
—— wrought,				22			25
—— spikes,				20			
Oil, linseed,		gal	1	10		1	25
—— fish,		bbl	46				
Porter, bottled,		doz	3	50			
——		bbl	9				
Salt			6			6	50
Segars, Spanish,		box	15			16	
—— American,			3			3	50
Shot, all sizes,		lb.		12½			
Skins, deer,				25			
—— Bear,		piece					
—— fox,							
—— Muskrat,				28			30
—— Raccoon,				55			62
Soap, white,		lb.		17			20
—— rosin,				10			
Steel, Crowley,		fag.	36				
—— American,			23				
—— blistered,		cwt	17				
Sugar, New Orleans,		lb		26			
—— country,				18			20
—— loaf,				40			
—— lump,				38			
Tallow,				12½			15
Tobacco, country man.				22			
—— Kentucky,				25			31
Whiskey, rye,		gal.		62½			75
Wax, bees		lb		25			
Wool, Merino, clean,			1	25		1	50
—— fleece,				80			
—— half breed,				50			
—— quarter,				40			
—— common, clean,				50			
—— fleece,				37½			

The Shores of Italy.

Extract of a letter from an officer of our Mediterranean squadron.

One of my first objects on arriving at Naples, was to gratify a curiosity that commenced with me when a boy, on reading a description of burning mountains. I accordingly in a few days set out for Vesuvius, but little calculating on the fatigue which would attend my undertaking. Our party landed at Portici (the ancient Herculaneum) early in the morning, where we procured mules and guides, and commenced our journey. We pursued the road over the lava with a gradual and regular ascent, until we reached the last habitation, called the Hermit's, where we procured wine, water, &c. At this house the friars keep a book, in which every one who visits Vesuvius usually writes his name, with whatever remark he may feel disposed to make: There are already eleven of these books filled with the names of persons from most parts of the world. I was surprized to find so few of our countrymen among them. Probably more were inserted from our squadron than all the Americans who had preceded them. On leaving the hermit's we soon arrived at the foot of the Cone, where we left our mules and commenced climbing. Owing to our commencing this labour with too much eagerness, and not more frequently resting, we soon became tired; and, when we had proceeded about half of the way, I found myself so much exhausted that it appeared impossible to proceed. We all felt excessively sick at the stomach probably owing to our having eaten some fruit at the foot of the mountain. My companions felt relief by vomiting but my system was reduced below the 'emetick point.' I reclined with my back against the steep and rugged lava, with the hottest sun I ever felt shining full in my face, unable to articulate, with a palpitation which threatened my existence. My suffering was now so great that all inclination for seeing burning mountains ceased, and I would willingly have returned—but to retrace our steps was impossible; the only way for descending must be gotten into at the top of the mountain. However, after a long rest the tumultuous action of my heart subsided, and I felt so far restored that I was enabled to advance a few steps at a time, taking care to halt often. In this manner I reached the summit. It presented the most awful appearance in nature. There are now two craters, which appear to be from different sources. One continually throwing melted lava, with a white alkali, while the other, which is distant a few rods, at intervals of ten or fifteen minutes, belches out immense volumes of black smoke, accompanied with great quantities of rock and hardened lava, attended with a horrid noise which shakes the whole mountain. In viewing this convulsion of nature, you stand on an immense rock of lava, on a level with the mouths of the furnaces, and no more than fifty feet distant. While in this situation, you are not free from danger.—The rocks that are emitted, though they generally fall again into the mouth of the crater, are sometimes thrown out obliquely, and frequently fall far beyond you. A sudden shift of wind would place a person in the most imminent danger; but this is not apprehended in clear weather, as during that time the land and sea breezes blow with the greatest regularity. Smoke issues through the lava in all directions, and occasionally flame bursts out. Owing to this circumstance, one of our guides had his clothes set on fire. By pushing down a stick in any place, it is burned. There is a fine view from this eminence of the country for a great distance around, including about a dozen populous towns. In all directions down the mountain, are seen extensive seas of dross of a black colour, and at a distance much resembling newly ploughed earth. In fine, what I saw amply compensated me for all the fatigue of my journey. The scene was interesting and sublime beyond description, and the recollection of it will never be effaced from my memory. The most correct idea of the mountain is given by Kotzebue in his travels. The description of his ascent is admirable. I wish you would look over that part of his book which relates to Vesuvius.

Many curiosities are seen in the ruins of Pompeii. Several of its streets are now cleared out, and the walls of the houses stand entire. Some of the paintings on them appear as fresh as if the artist had just left his work. The fable of Acteon, who accidentally saw Diana when bathing, is viewed as a master piece. The immense amphitheatre dug out by MURAT, has many paintings and inscriptions. The tombs, with their inscriptions, remain perfect. The Mosiack work which forms the floors of several houses, presents the most lively and beautiful colours when moistened. There is an extensive wine cellar, in which the jars continue in their original order. A fountain in one of the theatres throws out a stream of fine water, conveyed from a now unknown source. There are many fine pieces of sculpture taken from this place and shown in the museum at Naples.—The Gods are precisely such as described by mythologists, and readily recognized. Mercury and Hercules seem to have been their favourites, as more of these figures are found than any other. The urns containing the ashes of the dead, with lamps hung around them, are deposited in a strongly arched house, which has not been broken through by the weight of the ashes, which crushed the roofs of those that were differently constructed. Nothing can give rise to more melancholy reflections than viewing these ruins—which appear to have been just deserted by their original inhabitants, though they have been buried nearly eighteen centuries.

The Grotto del Cane is about three miles from Naples and agrees with the description which has been so often given.—A torch burns brilliantly unless placed within eighteen inches of the ground, or bottom, when it becoms instantly extinguished. The air above and that below is so separated, that the blaze from the wick of a lighted candle would burn freely at top and be put out at the part next the candle. The fact that carbonick acid gas is heavier than atmospherick air, will hardly explain this phenomenon. The cruel experiment of holding down the head of a dog was tried. The animal followed his master to the cave with reluctance, and it was necessary to force him in. He soon looked round with the greatest anxiety; became convulsed, foamed at the mouth, and was taken out apparently lifeless. He soon revived, and in a few minutes frisked about transported with joy, appearing to have acquired increased strength and agility. There are air baths near this place, some of which exceed the heat of boiling water. About half a mile of the road to this place is cut through solid rock many feet from the surface, In passing through it, there is no more light seen, except at the entrance, than in the darkest night.

WARDEN'S NARRATIVE RESPECTING BONAPARTE.

The name of Talleyrand happening to occur in the course of conversation with our French shipmates, the high opinion entertained of his talents by the Bonapartists was acknowledged without reserve. On my asking at what period he was separated from the councils and confidence of Napoleon, it was replied, at the invasion of Spain. I then observed, that the reports in England respecting that circumstance were correct as to time, and I presumed were equally so as to the cause—his unreserved disapprobation of that bold and adventurous enterprise. This met with an instant contradiction, which was followed by a most decisive assertion, that the prince of Benevento approved of the Spanish war, and founded his recommendation of that measure on his unalterable opinion which he boldly communicated to the emperor, that his life was not secure while a Bourbon reigned in Europe.

I entered further on this subject with madame Bertrand, and she actually and unequivocally asserted, that Tallyrand was in secret communication with Napoleon when they were last at Paris, and that he would have joined them in a month. His proposed departure from Vienna to take the waters at Aix la Chapelle was under the cloak of indisposition, to conceal his duplicity. "Can you persuade yourself, madame," I said, "that Talleyrand, if he had the inclination, possessed the power to influence the court of Vienna in favour of the son-in-law." "The court of Vienna!" she exclaimed, "O yes, yes: he has the capacity to influence all the courts of Europe! If he had but joined the emperor, we should, at this instant, have been in Paris, and France would never more have changed its master." Of this man's virtues I heard no eulogium: but you will now be a competent judge how his political talents were appreciated in the French circle on board the Northumberland.

On my asking the count Bertrand which of the French generals had amassed the greatest portion of wealth; he, without the least hesitation, mentioned Massena, though, he added, they have all made very considerable fortunes. Macdonald, duke of Tarentum, he appeared to think had made less than any other. Of Davoust, duke D'Eckmuhl, he spoke, to our extreme astonishment, in an animated strain of panegyric, which was instantly met with an outcry from all who heard it, respecting the conduct of that officer at Hamburgh, which we represented as atrocious beyond example. This he would not allow; on the contrary, he described him as a zealous, correct, and faithful commander, and far from being destitute of humanity; as, notwithstanding his notions of military obedience, which were known to be of the most rigid kind, he did not act up to the severity of his instructions. As for his taking a bribe, Bertrand declared him to be incapable of such baseness, and asserted, from his own knowledge, that a very large sum had been offered him to connive at the sailing of some ships from Hamburg in the night, which he refused with the disdain of a faithful soldier and an honorable man.

Count de las Cassas also took up the subject of the Marshals of France, and spoke of them with very little reserve. He described Massena as having been, originally, a fencing master; but, that previous to his campaign in the peninsula, he was considered by the French nation as equal, if not superior, to Bonaparte in his military capacity. From that period the count represented him as having dwindled into absolute insignificance. He is avaricious, he said, in the extreme, though he has only one child, a daughter, to inherit his enormous wealth. He then proceeded to relate the following circumstance of the marshal, as the accidental topic of the moment.

"The preservation of the army, on crossing the Danube, was boldly attributed, by the soldiers who composed it, and, consequently, re-echoed as the opinion of the nation, to the superior skill, and persevering courage of Massena. It appears, that a sudden and impetuous inundation of the river had destroyed all possible communication between its right and left bank, when half the French force had passed it. The remaining half were without ammunition when Massena threw himself into the village of Estling, where he withstood repeated attacks of the Austrians, and effected the escape of that part of the French army from the destruction which threatened it.

"The eulogiums which the army and the nation lavished on Massena for his conduct and the successes which crowned it, partook of that clamorous character which implied no inconsiderable degree of blame and censure on Buonaparte himself, who was supposed to have felt it. But he contrived nevertheless to dissipate the opinion, by conferring the title of prince of Estling on Massena, as the merited reward, and magnanimous acknowledgment of a service on which depended, for the moment, the success and honourable issue of the campaign. *Soult*, he said was an excellent officer, and *Ney*, brave to a fault; but *Suchet* possesses a more powerful intellect, with more enlarged information and political sagacity, as well as more conciliatory manners, than any of the marshals of France."

A PIECE OF ANTIQUITY.

INSCRIPTION ON THE BELL IN THE CATHEDRAL OF GLASGOW.

In the year of Grace 1504,
MARCIUS KNOX,
A merchant in Glasgow,
Zealous for the interest of the reformed religion,
Caused me to be fabricated in Holland,
For the use of his fellow citizens of Glasgow,
And placed me with solemnity,
In the Cathedral of their town.
My function
Was announced by the impression on my bosom,
*Me audito venias Doctrinam sanitam at discas** And
I was taught to proclaim the hours of unheeded time.
195 years had I sounded these awful warnings.
When I was *broken*
By the hands of inconsiderate and unskilful men.
In the year 1790.
I was cast into the furnace,
Refounded at London,
And returned to my sacred vocation.
Reader,
Thou also shalt know a resurrection,
May it be unto eternal life.
Thomas Mears, fecit, London, 1790.

The Cathedral is a piece of Gothic antiquity. It was founded in the year 1135, in the reign of David I.

*" Hearken to me—come that you may learn holy doctrine."

H. Bonnet & Rouand,

BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD, MARKET STREET,

INFORM their customers and others that besides their usual assortment they have just received, viz.
Silk of any kind for Dress and Bonnets,
Canton, Italian and French Crapes,
Silk and lace Shawls of any description,
Ladies and gentlemen's silk and cotton stocking,
Silk galloons and ribbons of all sorts,
Ladies and men's silk, kid, and leather gloves,
Merino Shawls and trimming,
English lace and gauze,
Thread, silk, and cotton lace,
Bombazett and bombazeen,
Millinet, and wires black and fancy feathers,
Silk cord and Chenills,
Sewing silk, cotton Balls,
Superfine Cloth and Cassimeres,
Berlin Cord and Stockinett,
Marseilles and other Vesting,
Cambric Linnen and Cravatts,
Hat covers, webbing, and Boot Cord,
Suspenders, Kid skins and Parchment,
Silk velvet and Velveteen,
Pins, and other hardware.
Bell, plated and glass buttons,
Dimity and Gingams of any kind,
Irish Linnen, Shirting —— and long cloth,
India and English plain and figured Muslin
Calicoes, and domestic Cotton,
Domestic Shirting and long cloth,
Black, blue, brown, and pink Cambric,
Coffee in bags and barrels,
Shot of every size,
Lead in Pig.

Which articles they can sell by the piece, as cheap as any in this city, and will only cut Silk, superfine Cloths and Cassimeres.

Pittsburgh, April 1, 1817.——tf.

110 Packages,
OF
Cheap Goods,
JUST RECEIVED,
BY
Johnston and M'Clelland,
Market street, between Third and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh,

COMPRISING a very general assortment, which they have the pleasure of offering to their customers and the public generally, on accommodating terms,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

October 1—1awtf.

PITTSBURGH.

FRIDAY, APRIL 11, 1817.

The convention of delegates, appointed to nominate candidates for governor and lieutenant governor of New York state met at Albany on the 25th ult. and nominated De Witt Clinton by a majority of 44 votes over Peter B Porter. The votes stood:

De Witt Clinton 85,
Peter B. Porter 41.

They also nominated John Tayler a candidate for lieutenant governor. Previous to the adjournment of the convention they unanimously agreed to support Mr. Clinton

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General Wilkinson's Memoirs.—The following extract from the introduction to this work, is the general's *miniature* likeness of Mr. Madison:

"The freedom with which I have treated president Madison, may be imputed rather to disappointed ambition and personal resentment, than a sense of political obligation; and I confess the magnitude and notoriety of the wrongs I have received from him, and by his authority, furnish strong grounds for this suspicion: yet if that faithful monitor which speaks within, has not deceived me, I may conscientiously deny the imputation; for if I have on the severest scrutiny of my heart, discovered any resentment to the man, I declare it to be of that kind of evanescent pain which leaves no sting behind: Personally, I, *from my heart* acknowledge myself obliged *to him*, because his persecutions have taught me humility and his attempt to wound my pride and impoverish my old age, has furnished me leisure to turn my thoughts to duties too often neglected, and as far as may be allowed to frail man, to prepare himself for that awful moment which is to determine my fate for ever.—No! I disclaim personal resentment; but will acknowledge that I most ardently detest the vices of the man, and although the exposition of his character and conduct was indispensible to the vindication of my own, candour requires I should acknowledge an additional motive, in a sense of duty to my country, under the most solemn conviction that he unites in his character the tyrannical disposition and cold hypocrisy of Tiberius, without either his energy or partial respect for justice: that he has professed principles in which he had no faith, to effect popular delusion for the accomplishment of his ambitious views: I consider him an enemy to the constitution which he professed to admire and swore to support, treating his oath with disregard, and his early professions with indifference: I verily believe he has laid the foundation of a monied aristocracy in these states, and fostered a spirit of official speculation, which tends to subvert the principle and spirit of the government; and that he is desirous to give force and effect to those measures by the undue extension of executive influence and the increase of a standing army."

The most visionary notions of legislation seems to be getting into fashion among us, and indeed a time of peace is the aptest occasion to make experiments in political science. A man elected now-a-days to a legislature believes that his constituents calculate upon some rare exertion of his powers, and, inasmush as he makes a noise or a *bill*, he kindly considers that he has rendered the state some little service. But who would have suspected that the proud and enlightened State of New-York should have given birth or power to two Legislators who should have given birth to two such propositions as we shall describe.

On the 13th ult. a Mr. *Sharp*, (no very *dull* man either) made a motion in the Legislature of N. York, "that the State should purchase for the Governor's Private Secretary, *a full suit of homespun*, to cost not exceeding *Four Dollars and Fifty cents*.

The other motion was by Dr. White, that all Counsellors, Attornies, and Solicitors in the State should annually account upon oath to the Comptroller for all fees received, and *pay over to the Treasurer all monies received excepting the sum of —— dollars."* *Car. Observ.*

DISTRESSED AMERICAN SEAMEN.

Hard, hard is my fate, &c. complains the poor black boy in the song; and the burthen of the ballad has been sympathetically echoed by Mr. CLAY in Congress.—The *feeling* would do honour to our country, if the *practice* in many parts of it did not so ill accord with it. We have a melancholy comment on this *sensibility* in the last received *Savannah* paper. It will be recollected that a short time since Col. Aspinwall our consul in London, made provision for the collection and safe return to the U. S. of above one hundred distressed American seamen who were starving in the streets of that city.——it was the chance of these wretched men to be landed in Georgia; and the reader will learn with something stronger than regret, that on their regaining a boasted "land of liberty" all of them whose complexions happened to be *darker than the color of a cent*, were immediately lodged in jail, and the Marshal (Othniel J. Giles, Esq.) of the city of Savannah, has advertised a description of them, "to give those who have lost slaves a sufficient time to come forward and prove their *property*." Some of these, it is said, have fought the battles of their country on board the *United States*, &c. and various privateers.

Transportation.—A number of merchants of Philadelphia, concerned in the Western trade, are forming themselves into a company, with a capital of 100,000 dollars, to be employed in the establishment of lines of waggons to travel day and night between Philadelphia and this city; to perform the journey in seven days, and at an uniform rate through the year considerably lower than at present.

Invention.—G. DEMING, of Burlington, Vt. announces that he has recently invented *an engine* for making Brick, by one or two horses' power, which will make the mortar and strike from ten to fifteen thousand bricks per day, harder pressed and of a better quality than those formed in the usual manner.

NEW YORK, March 31.

Further of the rumor from Europe.—A passenger in the brig Hippomenes, which arrived at this port yesterday in 19 days from Curacoa, states that letters had been received there from St. Barts, which mentioned that the Barbadoes Packet had touched at the latter place, in 26 days from England, and brought an account that a new revolution had broken out in France: and that a British fleet which included 21 sail of the line was preparing for an expedition from England.

Massachusetts Election.

On the first Monday of April, the state officers are chosen in Massachusetts. The contest has assumed a novel form, for it is entirely of a military character. Which is the best soldier, Gov. Brooks. or Gen. Dearborn, is the grand question which occupies the newspapers & pamphlets of both parties, The battles of the revolution are fought over again with more noise but less bloodshed, Col. Brooks, Major Dearborn, Col. Morgan, and General Burgoyne are again on the carpet as large as life.

All General Dearborn's victories during the late war, are repeated with only this trifling difference that he now conquers columns of *type* as he then did columns of the *enemy*; and that his friends now point to the laurels on his coat as they then did to the laurels on his brow. The federalists extol his valorous capture of the scalp, and the democrats recount his hair breadth escapes.

"They love him for the dangers he has past,
"And he loves them that they do pity him.'

They say that the President dismissed him from the army that "he might live to fight another day," and conquer this election. So they go. Gov. BROOKS will undoubtedly be re-elected.

Exeter Watch.

New Bedford, March 21.

SALLY M. SNOW.—A remarkable dwarf, by this name, and the daughter of Mr. Daniel Snow, of Middleborough, is now at Capt. Nelson's Hotel in this town. She is in her eighth year, and weighs only *sixteen* pounds. She is of a delicate form, and pleasing countenance; is intelligent and active—reads, sews, knits and dances with much agility.

New York, March 29.

Captain Baxter, of the British brig Robert, who arrived this morning, in 19 days from Tobago, informs that a severe epidemic, supposed the yellow fever, had raged among the inhabitants of that Island, through the greater part of the winter. He believes that the disease has swept off at least one tenth of the population since the first of January. The disorder is attributed to the long prevalence of northerly winds, accompanied with unusual coldness of the weather.

Prompt Punishment.

Amsterdam, Jan. 15,

Captain De Noran, of Embden, in a letter dated Tripoli, Nov. 11th, writes:—That on the 25th of September his vessel, sailing under the English Hanoverian flag, was captured by a Tripolitan ship of war, which carried her into Tripoli the 10th of November, with the English Hanoverian Flag *half way up his fore-top gallant mast*:—That on seeing this, the British Consul took down his flag, and went in company with Captain de Noran, to the Bey, and made his representation. That the Bey gave immediate orders for the arrest of the Captain of the cruiser, and directed the Hanoverian vessel and crew to be restored forthwith; which was done under a salute of cannon.—And while the vessel was re-hoisting her colours, *the Captain of the man of war was hung up to his mast, at the same height he had hung the flag not half an hour before*—as a satisfaction to the Anglo-Hanoverian flag.

Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh,

APRIL 7th, 1817.

NOTICE is hereby given that an instalment of five per cent. on the capital stock of this Bank, amounting to two and an half dollars on each share, is required to be paid into the bank on or before the 1st of May next.

By order of the Board of Directors,
MORGAN NEVILLE, *Cashier.*

Extract from the 11th Section of the 1st Article of the Bye-laws.

"If there should at any time be a failure of payment in any part of the sum subscribed by any person, co-partnership or body politic in such manner as may be required by the board of directors.—The party so failing shall lose the benefit of any dividend which may have accrued prior to the making of such payment, and during the continuance of the same."

TO BE RENTED FOR A TERM OF YEARS

A Valuable Farm of Land,

LAYING within three miles of the city of Pittsburgh, containing One Hundred and sixty acres of first rate

LAND,

Situated on the bank of the Monongahela River, of which there is ninety acres cleared, sixteen of which are in wheat. There is on the premises a new stone House, one story and a half high.—Also, a barn, stables, and spring-house, all conveniently situated, together with a first rate orchard containing one hundred and twenty apple and cherry trees. The land is in good fence, and coals may be had within a few hundred yards of the door. For terms apply to the subscriber in Front street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN KELLY.

March 11th, 1817.—tf

FOUND,

A few days since, a

POCKET BOOK,

Containing a small sum of money. The owner can get it by applying at the Gazette Office.

Pittsburgh, April 11, 1817.

Stray Steer.

CAME to the farm of the subscriber, living on Montours run, about 11 miles from town. A brown Motley STEER, the owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be sold to defray the expence of keeping.

JAMES M'CABE.

April 11th, 1817.——3

The Real Estate of

STEEL SEMPLE, Deceased.

THIS LAND is situated within 2 and 3 miles of Pittsburgh, and is divided into small Lots of from five, six, ten and twelve acres.

The survey and draft are now completed, and the lines of the Lots and lanes, plainly and distinctly marked on the ground.

This land is fertile, near to the city, and convenient to good roads. It is so divided as to be convenient for gardners, persons desirous of attending market, or to farmers of small capital. As Out-lots, they are well suited to persons residing in the city.

They are offered for Sale on a credit of from twelve to eighteen months. The plan can be seen at my office. WILLIAM WILKINS.

July 26, 1816.

New Grocery & Liquor Store.

William Chesnut, & Co.

Have received at their WHOLESALE store, corner of Market and Third-streets—a large & general assortment of GROCERIES and LIQUORS, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms,

AMONGST WHICH ARE AS FOLLOWS:

Coffee, Young Hyson tea,
Lump and Loaf sugars,
Muscovado do.
Chocolate, Bengal Indigo,
Pepper, Alspice, Cinnamon,
Ginger, Nutmegs, Copperas,
Logwood, Madder, Brimstone,
Teneriffe Wine, French Brandy,
Jamaica Spirits, Holland Gin,
Pig Lead, Tin,
Leipers' Tobacco, &c &c.

N. B. They will be regularly supplied from their establishment in Philadelphia, with a large and GENERAL ASSORTMENMT of the above articles.

Pittsburgh, March 4.—3m1aw

TO LET,

A TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE,

on Third between Wood and Smithfield streets. Possession given first of April.

JOSEPH OLIVER.

Pittsburgh March 18th, 1817——tf

To Let,

A Large three story BRICK HOUSE, corner of the Diamond and Market street with an excellent store room, now occupied by James Jelly.

Also,

FOR a term of years, a LOT on Fourth between Market and Wood streets, 50 or 60 feet front and about the same distance in depth.

For terms apply to

SARAH IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, March 28th, 1817——tf

Mrs. Menier's Benefit,

And positively the last night of performance

THEATRE.

THESPIAN SOCIETY.

The public are respectfully informed, that Mrs. Meniers' Benefit will take place on

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 14th,

When will be presented, the celebrated new Tragedy (as performed at the the Theatre's New York and Philadelphia with unbounded applause) never performed in the Western country, called

"Bertram,"

Or the Castle of St. Aldobrand.

Between the Play and Farce,

Song,—"Bag of Nails,"
"For then I had not learnt to love"
by Mrs. Menier,

Duett—"See from Ocean rising"—Mrs. Menier and a member.

The whole to conclude with the much admired FARCE (never performed here) called The

"Citizen."

Doors open at 6, and Curtain to rise at 7 o'clock
Box, One Dollar. Pit, 50 cents.

PORT FOLIO.

AGREEABLY to the terms of subscription for the Port Folio, payment is required in advance. Subscribers in this City and its vicinity who are in arrears for this or the last year, are requested to make payment to the Editor of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISON HALL.

Armstrong & Ewing,

Wood Street, between Front and Second Streets,
PITTSBURGH

Have lately received a further supply of

GROCERIES,

—Consisting of—

GUNPOWDER, Imperial, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin Teas in chests, half chests and boxes, first and second quality Green Coffee in barrels and bags, No. 2 and 3 Chocolate, Loaf, Lump and Brown Sugar, Pepper, Ginger, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon, Keg and Box Raisins, Almonds, Rice, Sugar Candy, Spanish Cigars, Lemons, a few barrels Tanners Oil, Codfish of excellent quality, Mackarel, Shad and Herring; also, a small parcel of superior Kentucky Tobacco old and sweet; L P Madeira, Port, Sherry, Teneriffe and Lisbon Wines, French Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Spirits, Holland Gin—all warranted pure and genuine, with a variety of other articles in the Grocery line, which will be sold low for Cash or approved Acceptances.

☞ The highest premium given for *Eastern* paper. January 8, 1817.

STEAM ENGINES.

THE PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE CO.

INFORM the publick that their establishment is in complete operation, on an extensive scale and consists of a

Steam Engine Factory;

AN
AIR FOUNDERY;
AN
ANCHOR AND ANVIL FACTORY;
A
BRASS FOUNDERY;
A
PATTERN MAKER'S SHOP & MACHINES
for Boring and Turning in Iron and Wood;
AND A

Screw Manufactory

which furnishes all kinds of large Screws, such as for Rolling and Slitting Mills, Paper Mills Fullers and Tobacco, Millstone Screws, &c. &c.

Orders in any of the above lines of business will be executed at very short notice.

Pittsburgh, April 16, 1816.

M'DONNEL & EKIN,

HAVE RECEIVED,

AND will in future be regularly supplied with the following articles which they offer for sale on moderate terms.

Coffee, first and second quality,
Ditto and loaf sugar,
Imperial and young hyson tea in boxes and chests,
Chocolate, pepper, allspice and ginger,
Mustard in bottles and kegs,
Raisins in boxes and kegs,
Real Spanish segars,
Nutmegs, cloves and cinnamon,
Madder, copperas, redwood and allum,
Cogniac Brandy and Jamaica spirits,
Holland gin and Madeira wine,
Queensware in small crates,
Herring and shad.

They continue to manufacture Tobacco and segers of a superior quality, and cut nails of every dgscription.

Pittsburgh, October 8—1awtf.

Pittsburgh Pipe Manufactory

Round House.

WILLIAM PRICE

INFORMS the merchants of the Western country that they may be supplied with any quantity of long or short

Smoking Pipes

as handsome and as good as those imported—And hopes the Merchants of this place will give the preference to the manufactures of our own country.

March 7——3

FOR SALE,

ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS OF

CORN,

OF THE BEST QUALITY.

Enquire of

J. H. CHAPLIN,
Water-street, Pittsburgh.

Jan. 21, 1817.——tf

JAMES CORNELL,

HAS taken a Room, directly over the Shop recently occupied by *Mr Jones*, in Front, between Market and Wood Streets, where he carries on the business of *Plain* and *Ornamental*

SIGN PAINTING,

according to the most approved New-York and Philadelphia modes.

He respectfully informs the merchants who have communications with the states of Ohio and Kentucky, that all orders from those states, with which he may be favored, shall be satisfactorily and promptly executed. He humbly solicits what he will endeavor to merit,

"The Public Patronage."

Pittsburgh, April 4, 1817.———1y

FOR SALE,

THREE valuable building LOTS, two in Second and one in Third between Market and Wood streets, each 23 feet front by 80 deep.

For particulars apply to

THOMAS READ,
Market street.

Pittsburgh,, April 4, 1817——3

FOR SALE, BY
Richard Bowen & Co.

Corner of Market and Water Streets,

LISBON,
Teneriffe,
Sicily, Madeira, and Currant } WINES
Whiskey
Best Green Coffee, West-India Suga
Loaf Sugar, Black Pepper
Almonds, Chocolate, Codfish
Box Raisins
Young Hyson Tea in small boxes
Imperial do. do. do.
Ailum, Allspice, Brimstone
Copperas, Rosin
Spanish flotant Indigo.
Juniper Berries
Tanners Oil, Soal Leather
Cotton Cards, Wool Hats
Juniata Bar Iron
American, Crowley and German Steel
Cut and wrought Nails
Castings assorted
Cap Paper, No. 1, 2, 3 and 4: Post do.
Medium and demy Printing do.
Wrapping do Bonnet boards
Window Glass
Bottles assorted in boxes, Porter d
Birmingham Queensware
Kentucky twist and pigtail Tobacco
American Cigars
Bar and Pig Lead
Axes, hoes, Chains and Screw Augurs
Mill saws and Mouse Hole Anvills
Coal and wood stoves
Grates and Franklin stoves
Sad and Waffle Irons
Cast Iron Gudgeons and Cranks
Waggon Boxes

ALSO,

AN INVOICE OF SADDLERY,
AND
AN INVOICE OF FLANNELS.

Pittsbugh Feb 14, 1817. 2awtf

Boot and Shoe-making.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he has removed his shop to the east side of Wood between Fourth street and Diamond-alley, next door below D. Stoner's store, where a call, in the above line will be thankfully received by their humble servant.

WILLIAM M'GRANAGHAN.

Pittsburgh, April 4th, 1817.———5

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of the late GENERAL JOHN WOODS, deceased, are requested to make payment to the undersigned, his executors:—and those who have claims against the estate are hereby notified to exhibit them without delay for adjustment:

HENRY WOODS
JAMES ROSS,
JOHN M'DONALD. } *Executors.*

Pittsburgh, March 8th, 1817——1 mo

$1 50
FOR WHEAT,

WILL be given at the PITTSBURGH ST MILL for a short time.

P. S Mill, November, 29, 1816—2atf

New Hardware Store.
Benjamin Darlington,

HAS just received at his wholesale and retail Store in Market Street, between Third and Fourth, (in the house formerly occupied by Doctor G Dawson) a large and general assortment of

Hardware, Cutlery & Saddlery,

&c. among which are the following articles, vi

CROWLEY Millington Steel, No. 3
Hoop L. Swedish Steel
Cast Steel, warranted
English blistered
Sheet Iron
Scythes and Sickles
Anvils and Vices
Chaffing Dishes
Hand Bellows
Large Waiters
Britania Spoons
Swords and Pistols
Rifles
Shovels and Tongs
Brass Andirons assorted
Shovels and Spades
Cases Buttons as'd
2 x and ost Coffee Mills assorted
An elegant assortmen of Needles
Coxe's Currying Kns.
A large assortment of Knives and Forks
Pen & Pocket Knives assor ed

Together with a great variety of other articles oo tedious to mention, all of which will be sold on very reasonable terms.

☞ All orders for goods will be thankfully receievd and promptly attended to

Pittsburgh, February 13, 1817.

RIFLE POWDER

THE subscriber has constantly on hand a suply of FERRLE'S BEST RIFLE POWDER.

JOHN CALDWELL

October 4———tf

Juniata and Monongahela
BAR IRON,

NAILS and BRADS,
Castings,
Pig and bar lead,
Shot—assorted sizes,
Letter paper,
Wrapping do. Writing do No. 1 2 & 3.
Window Glass, (Geneva)
Common hollow do,
Flint ditto,
Porter bottles,
Sugar, (N. Orleans)
Fish Oil,
Eng & Amer. Blister steel,
Crowley do
Patent and Balance scale beams,

For sale by

BEAN & BUTLER.

Pittsburgh March 14th 1817———2awtf

THE subscribers having entered into partnership inform the public that they transact business under the firm of FOSTER & DOANE.

WM. B FOSTER,
HENRY DOANE,

FOSTER & DOANE
TRAN ACT
Storage & Commission Business

IN that large and convenient Ware-house in Wood street, two doors from the Corner of Front street where they will be happy to receive and forward Merchandize, purchase and sell for those who may favour them with their commands, on the usual terms. They offer for sale a handsome assortment of

Winter & Spring Goods,

by the bale or piece, on low terms for cash or approved credit, cousisting of

Coarse, middling and superfine 6 quarter cloths and Cassimeres of all colours,
Fearnoughts,
Coatings, Baizes,
Kersey moleskin,
Blue Plains,
Swansdown Vestings,
White black & green Flannel,
Cards,
Velvets,
Duffill and Rose Blankets,
Madrass and light twilled handkerchiefs,
White and coloured Marseilles,
Jaconett and cotton cambrics,
Toilinetts,
Shirting Cottons 7-8 & 9-8
rish Linnen,
Knitt braces
Ladies and men's fine Cotton Hose & half Hose,
Leno, mull, Book, birdseye, tamboured, checked, and spotted muslins,
Spanish nitt Handkerkerchiefs,
ins by the pack

TOGETHER WITH AN ASSORTMENT OF

Groceries & Ironmongery,

CONSISTING OF

Coffee by the barrels
Tea, Indigo, Pepper,
Allspice, Allum,
Chocolate,
Box and cask Raisins,
Loaf Sugar,
quarter casks Teneriff Wine, Brandy, &c.
Axes,
Hatchets,
Mattocks,
Hoes,
Anvils
Vices,
Castings,
English Blister and Crowley Steel,
Cut & wrought Nails,
Augurs,

——ALSO——

An Invoice of Copper & Tin from Philadelphia,

Which will be sold at a small advance.

AND AT THEIR

RETAIL STORE

Corner of Wood and Front Streets, a large variety of

DRY GOODS,

Comprising all the above articles, with

Hardware,
Groceries, etc. etc.

By retail as cheap as can be found in the City.

Pittsburgh, January 7th, 1817. 2awtf

Ohio Canal Company.

BOOKS for the Subscription of Shares to the Capital Stock of this Company, are now open at the office of the subscriber in the city of Pittsburgh.

Gentlemen inclined to subscribe to this very important and useful object may be furnished with copies of the act of incorporation and extracts from the minutes of the board of Managers.

WILLIAM WILKINS, *Agent.*

Pittsburgh, April 4th, 1817.

ROTTERDAM HOTEL.

THE SUBSCRIBER

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has taken the above well known Tavern,

No. 124, North Fourth-Street,

(Between Race and Vine streets,)

Where he will accomodate travellers, boarders, or lodgers, with private rooms, if required, either by the year, week, or day. He has extensive stabling, and buildings for horses and carriages, and hopes, by keeping good liquors, and provisions, which the market affords, clean beds, and by constant attention to his customers to give general satisfaction, and merit a share of public atronage.

BUEL ROWLEY.

Philadelphia Januaryy 27th, 1817——2aw7w

For Sale,

SEVERAL tracts of LAND of a good quality, two of which are well improved, one having thereon a well established tanyard. All within from twelve to twenty miles from the city of Pittsburgh. Terms made known by

JOHN M'DONALD.
Wood-street, Pittsburgh.

October 8.—2awtf.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership of J. P. & J. W. Skelton - this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment and those having accounts against them will present them for settlement.

J. P. SKELTON.

To Let.

THREE FRAME HOUSES on Liberty, at the end of Third street, and on Marborough, between Liberty and Penn streets.

On Perpetual Lease,

A Lot 130 feet in front on Marborough street and 60 feet deep.

Possession given immediately.

For terms apply to

JAMES R. BUTLER.

Pittsburgh, April 8th, 1817.

Turnpike Road.

PROPOSALS will be received at the house of Thomas Chalfant, Turtle creek, on Monday the 14th inst. for making about three miles and a half of Turnpike road in the neighbourhood of Turtle creek, and for building a Bridge over said creek, for the Greensburgh and Pittsburgh Turnpike road company.

WM. FREIDT, *Treas'r.*

April 8th, 1817.

PLAISTER OF PARIS.

THE subscribers will, in a few days, have in Pittsburgh a quantity of

Caledonia and Cayagua Plaister.

It will be deposited in the Rock at some of the warehouses in Pittsburgh; and will be ground on order by either of the steam mills of Evans and Anderson.

A quantity will also be left at Kittanning, Freeport, and Robbstown.

H. & W. JACK.

Piisburgh, April 8, 1817.—— 3p

In consequence

OF the inclemency of the weather, which has prevented our having the necessary repairs made the opening of the School is postponed until Monday the 14th April.

W. & R. MOODY.

Pittsburgh, April 8th, 1817.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to he estate of THOMAS LOGAN late of Pitt township dec'd are requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers, and those who have claims against the same will please present them properly stated and authenticated for settlement.

THOMAS CANNON, } *Adm'rs.*
JOSEPH CANNON. }

Pittsburgh, April, 1 1817. ——3

BIRMINGHAM
LOTS FOR SALE

WILL be sold to the highest bidder at the office of Dennis S. Scully, auctioneer, on the 10th May next ensuing, (if not sooner disposed of) eight or ten prime building lots in said town, the terms will be made known on the day of sale.

In the mean time, those who may be disposed to purchase by private contract may view the lots and see a plan of said town, by applying to the subscriber on the premises.

NATHANIEL BEDFORD.

March 7.———till 10 may.

TO LET,

NINETY FEET of vacant ground in second street, nearly opposite the wood street market house, for a term of six years.

Also,

A frame house in wood street, next to Henry Westbay's tavern.

Apply to

JAMES R. BUTLER.
CHARLES WILKINS

March 7.———

Notice.

THE Commissioners of Allegheny county having ascertained that by a law of this Commonwealth they are not confined in selecting a scite for the NEW JAIL, to the city of Pittsburgh, they now give notice that the time of receiving proposals is extended until Monday the 28th inst at 2 o'clock P M

Written proposals for a suitable scite in the city of Pittsburgh or its vicinity, will therefore be received until that time, at the Commissioners Office.

By order of the Board

JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Clerk.*

Pittsbrgh, April 4, 1817.

PETER L'HORTON,
Confectioner.

In Water Street, between Market and Ferry Street,

HAS FOR SALE,

Confectionary of every kind.

Muscatel
Madeira
Port
Teneriffe
Claret } WINES.
French Brandy
Jamaica Spirits
Holland Gin
Cordials of every kind
Best Sallad Oil
Prunes, Raisins, Figs, Almonds
Spanish Segars, &c. &c.

He also keeps in the proper season, the best

West-India Fruits,

and Lemon, Vanilla, Strawberry, Rose, Coffee, and Chocolate

Ice Cream.

☞ Parties can be supplied with any of the above articles at the shortest notice.

Pittsburgh, April 4th, 1817 ——tf

One Hundred and Fifty

BARRELS

Conemaugh Salt,

FOR SALE ON THE MOST LIBERAL TERMS, BY

ARMOR & WALLACE.

Pittsburgh, March 28th.———3

Mayor's Court.

Clerk's Office, April 1, 1817.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Mayor's Court for the city of Pittsburgh, will be held at the Court House in said city, on Monday the 21st inst. of which all persons bound by recognizance, and all others concerned are required to take notice.

J. GILLAND, *C'lk.*

Girty's Run.

THERE are now on hand TWO ORLEAN BOATS 50 feet by 14 nearly ready to launch and a number of Skiffs of best white-oak—those inclined to purchase may call on Mr. Josiah Robison or the subscriber on the ground

WILLIAM MORROW.

N. B. There will be always an assortment of the best quality pine, oak and walnut plank and scantling—at the Saw-mills at Girty's run or sale at a low price for cash.

March 25th, 18

JAMES LAUBE
Diamond, Pittsburgh,

HAS just received, & has for sale, on the most reasonable terms,

Best Spanish Cigars by the box,
Raisins by the do.
Port Wine,
Madeira, do.
Teneriff,
Jamaica Spirits,
French Brandy,
Cordials,
Dryed Fruits, &c.

December 17 th, 1816.——1y

To Let,

A CONVENIENT HOUSE for a small family—having an excellent cellar and good yard room.

Rent $ 65

Enquire of

CHARLES DOANE.

Pittsburgh March 18th 1817———3

CONVEYANCING.

FROM the encouragement I have received since I commenced Business in Pittsburgh, I have determined to devote my attention *exclusively* to the Business of Conveyancing.

Deeds, and every other species of Writing,

will be drawn *on the shortest notice*, and on reasonable terms, at my Office in the Diamond.

JAMES M. RIDDLE.

Pittsburgh, 26th September, 1816.

N. B. Business from the Country will alway *immediately* attended to. s

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Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber by bond, note or book account, are requested to make immediate payment.

JOSEPH DAVIS.

Pittsburgh, March 25th, 1817.——3

TO LET,

A FRAME HOUSE, completely finished, situate in Diamond Alley, opposite the Rev. Mr. Bruce's, now occupied by Mr. George Beale.

Enquire of

J. W. SKELTON, *Druggist.*

Wanted,

A STEADY MAN to do the work of a porter about a drug shop,

Likewise,

TWO active boys as apprentices to the Apothecary and Drug business. None need apply but those of steady habits and respectable parents.

J. W. SKELTON.

Pittsburgh, March 28th, 1817.——tf

FOR SALE,
On very moderate terms,

A VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND, situate in Deer towship, Allegheny county, containing 300 acres,—adjoining Samuel Peebles on the south—land settled by Nehemiah Bell on the west—land settled by James Clendening on the north, and William Hazlet on the east. On which is erected a cabbin and small stable, and about sixteen acres cleared. An indisputable title will be made. For terms, &c. enquire of Charles Wilkins, Esq. or

JAMES M. RIDDLE, Conveyancer.

Pittsbugh, Nov. 26, 1816—tf

THE SUBSCRIBER
Offers For Sale,

The following valuable property, viz.

36 ACRES of ground on Coal hill below the mouth of Sawmill run. From this ground there is a beautiful view of the city.

108 acres, three miles from Greensburgh. This is good land covered with timber, which on account of being so near town makes it more valuable than clear.

243 acres on the left bank of the Ohio river, sixteen miles down from the city. On this tract there is about fifty acres of bottom on the river, cleared and wrought by a tenant. The rest is timber land, nearly all capable of being cleared and wrought, and suitable for pasture ground.

200 acres of very rich unimproved land, within eight miles of Meadville.

An undivided fourth part of about seven hundred acres in the state of Kentucky. This is very valuable, being the seat of the town of Greensburg; the county town of Green county, and situate on the bank of Green river; which is navigable from many miles above the town to the Ohio.

I will sell also a four years lease of a mill for driving grindstones. This is situated at the mouth of Sawmill run, one mile from town.

The title of the above property will be made indisputable.

JAMES BROWN.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 15, 1816—2awtf